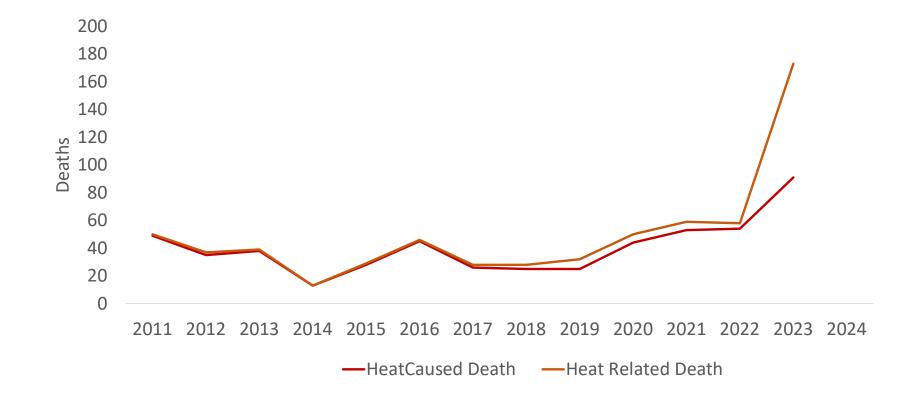
Supporting Heat Resilience in Pima County

Heidi E Brown, MPH, PhD 18 Sept 2024

Pima County



https://www.azdhs.gov/documents/preparedness/epidemiology-disease-control/extreme-weather/pubs/heat-related-mortality-year-2012-2023.pdf

Heat-Caused Deaths



Heat-caused includes deaths where environmental heat exposure is the primary cause of death. Historical data on heat-caused deaths is available in the <u>PCOME Annual Reports</u>. Data includes undocumented border crosser (UBC) deaths and non-UBC deaths. Cases pending certification are excluded.

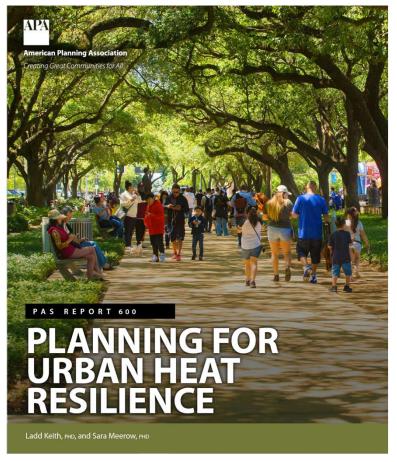


Planning for Urban Heat Resilience

Urban heat resilience

"Proactively mitigating and managing urban heat across the many systems and sectors it affects."





(Keith & Meerow, 2022)

Planning for Urban Heat Resilience

Heat governance

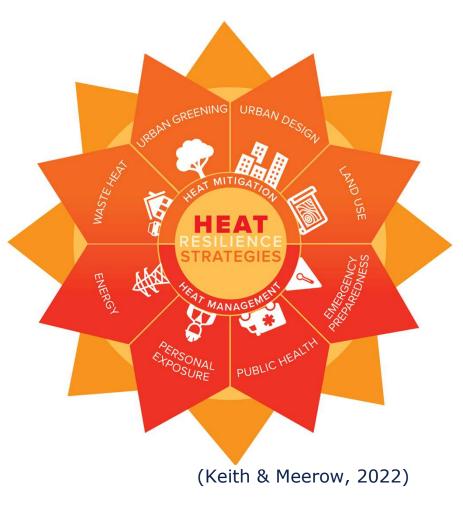
The actors, strategies, processes, and institutions that guide decision-making for mitigating and managing heat as a hazard. (Keith et al., 2021)

Heat mitigation

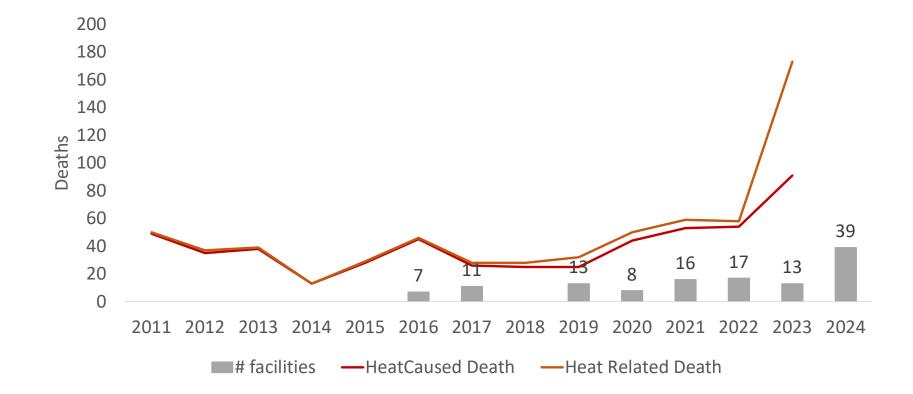
Strategies that reduce the built environment's contribution to urban heat. (Keith & Meerow, 2022)

Heat management

Strategies that prepare and respond to chronic and acute heat risk. (Keith & Meerow, 2022)



Pima County, Cooling Centers



https://www.azdhs.gov/documents/preparedness/epidemiology-disease-control/extreme-weather/pubs/heat-related-mortality-year-2012-2023.pdf

Talk Outline

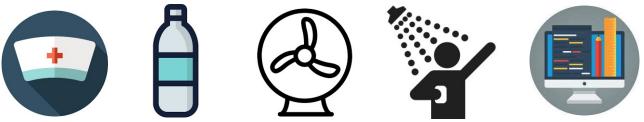
- Heat Respite Access
 - Mapping locations
 - Using *Spatial Optimization* to find potential new locations
 - Evaluation of Access
- Exposure
 - Body Heat Storage as a novel means to assess access

Tucson Pima Collaboration to End Homelessness Summer Sun Respite Centers

- 11 sites in 2019 39!! in 2024
- Donations needed: bottled water, bug repellant, flip flops, sunglasses, sunscreen, white t-shirts, hats, backpacks



• Varying services





A Healthy Pima County. Everyone. Everywhere. Everyday.

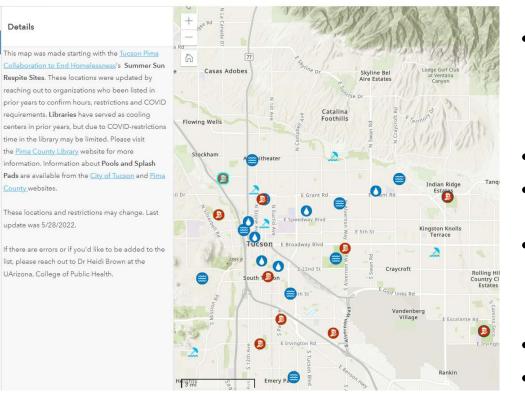
2020-2022 Mapping

Cooling Centers

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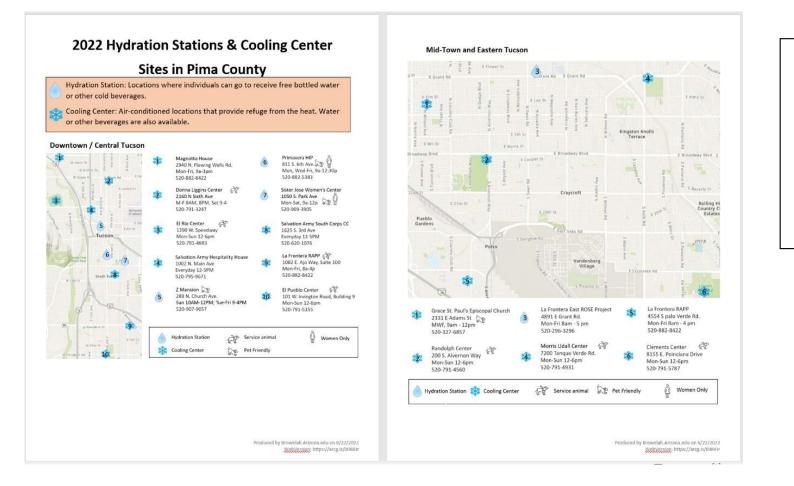
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- Identifying heat respite locations
 - Splash pads, pools (<u>City of Tucson</u> and <u>Pima Co</u> websites)
 - Cooling centers (<u>Tucson Pima Collab to</u> <u>End homelessness</u>) & <u>libraries</u>
- Contacted each organization
- Added question about pet policy when contacting organizations
- <u>Pima Association of Governments</u>, & <u>ADHS</u> pulled link from <u>Brownlab.Arizona.edu</u> so as we update, they update
- <u>2022 TPCH</u> links to our map
- PDF version created for distribution

PDF Versions for Dissemination





Standardization of Icons



Cooling Centers

Cooled indoor locations that provide refuge from the heat during the day. Drinking fountains or bottled water are available.



Respite Centers

Indoor, air-conditioned locations that offer hydration and allow for uninterrupted rest, sitting, or lying down (depending on each facility) during hours of operation.

Hydration Stations

Locations where individuals can go to receive bottled water and other collected donated items. Can be indoors or outdoors.



Collection Sites

Water bottles can be donated here for use at hydration and cooling locations. Some sites also accept other donations, such as cash; light colored, long-sleeved T-shirts; socks; underwear; hats; lip balm; sun block; and pre-packaged snacks.

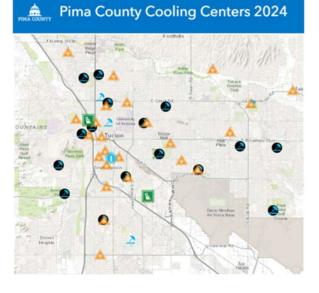
Evaluation

- Who
 - Administrators (7)
 - Staff (7)
 - Users/Clients (n=142)
- What
 - Challenges/Needs
 - Access





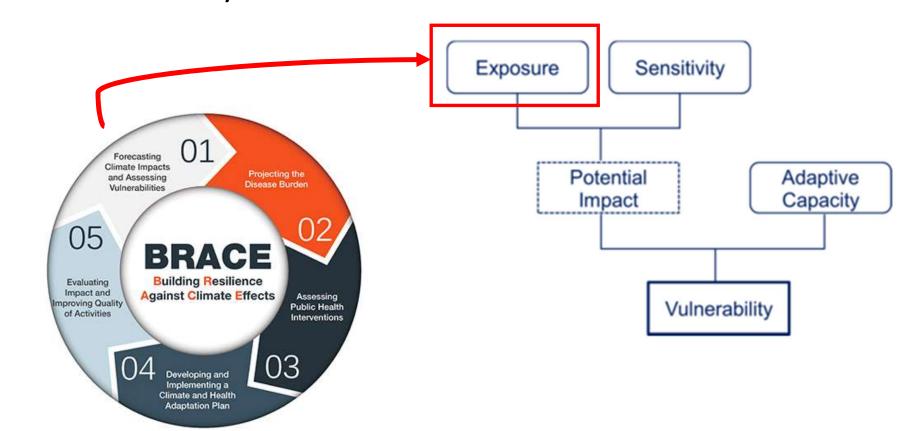
Cooling Center Evaluation Pilot A Summary Report



July 2024 Prepared by Heidi E. Brown, PhD, MPH, Julia Jernberg MD, MBA, and Jennifer Wishnie, DVM, MSc, MPH, DACVPM

Talk Outline

- Heat Respite Locations
 - Mapping Cooling Centers locations
 - Using Spatial Optimization to find potential new locations
 - Evaluation of Access
- Exposure
 - Body Heat Storage as a novel means to assess access



Vulnerability Assessment

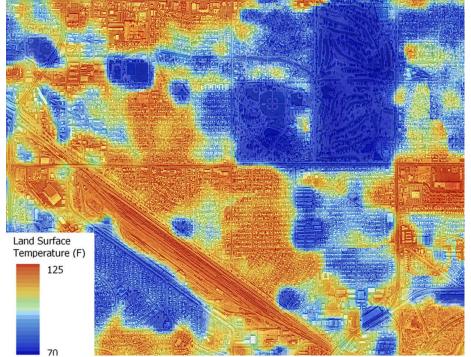
Heat Indices

- Land Surface Temperature (LST)
 - Degrees F (or C)
 - From satellite imagery
 - Maps 'heat islands' by showing where it is hottest on the Earth's surface
 - Often used in regional/local vulnerability analysis, landscape architecture, and urban planning

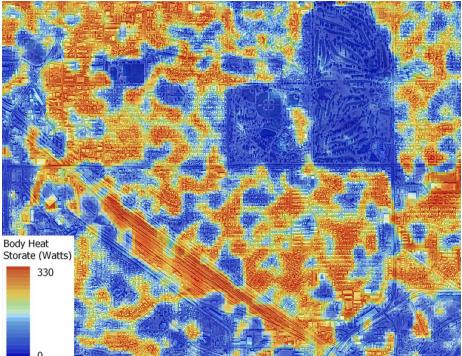
- Body Heat Storage (BHS)
 - Measured in Watts
 - From satellite imagery, topography and radiation estimates, local climate data, and human physiology
 - Maps of where the human body will absorb and conduct the most heat
 - Based on human heat balance equation often calculated for work safety planning, sports medicine, health risk estimates, forensic science, etc.







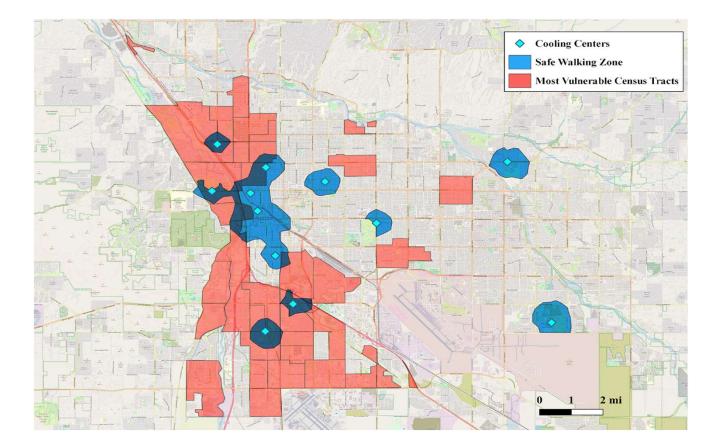
BHS



- Why are they different?
 - Airflow?
 - Diffuse and direct solar radiation?
 - Landcover/surface/building differences?

Chambers et al., Remote Sens Env 2023

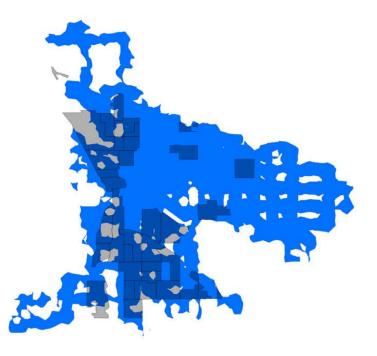
Tucson population served by cooling centers



NOTE: Cooling centers have been added

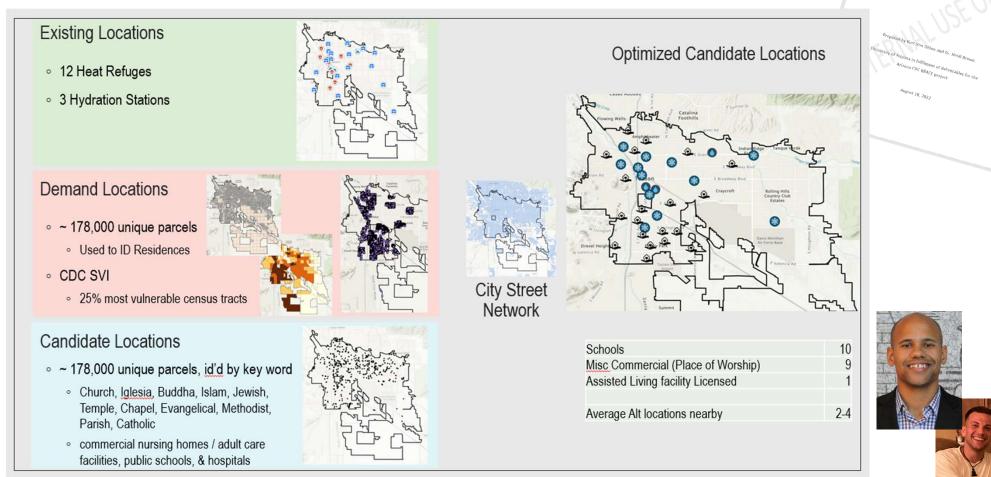
Better Coverage and Redundancy with Transit

- Increase in vulnerable population served
 - 26 of 29 bus routes intersect walksheds
- Most reach 1 or 3 cooling centers
- Most cooling centers reached by ≤3 routes
 - 3 reached by \geq 7



Keith et al., in Prep

Spatial Optimization



^{Summary} of Pima County Cooling Center Spatial Optimizat

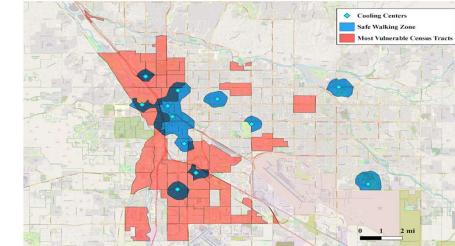
Watkins et al., Submitted

Conclusions

- Building a Heat Resilient AZ
- BRACE
 - Academic/Local Govt Collab
 - Local Problems/Local Solutions
 - Student Involvement
- Outcomes
 - Resources for Public
 - Support to HDs
 - Academic Publications



pagregion.maps.arcgis.com/apps/instant/minimalist/index.html?appid=8cee534878de49aaae55ba91b2ef1720



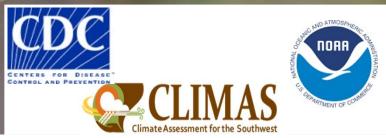
Access

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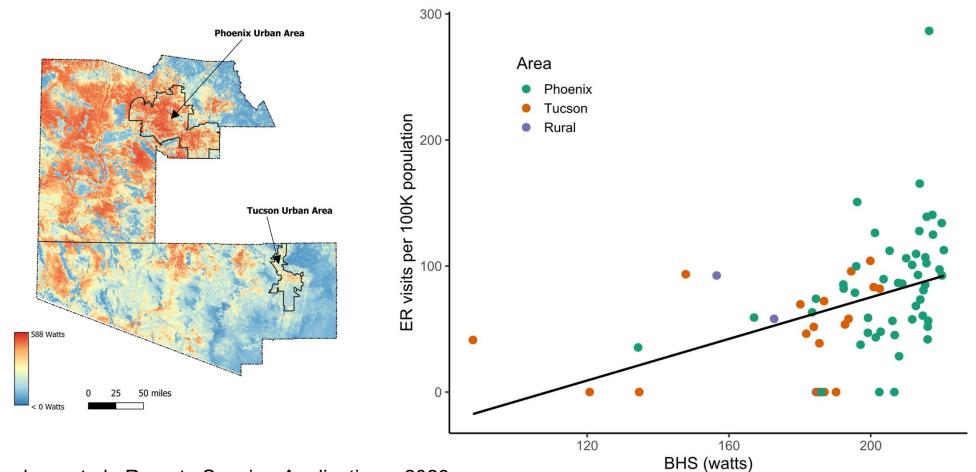
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<u>AZClimateHealth.Arizona.edu</u> https://sites.arizona.edu/spatialepi-lab/



Body Heat Storage (BHS) Index



Chambers et al., Remote Sensing Applications, 2023